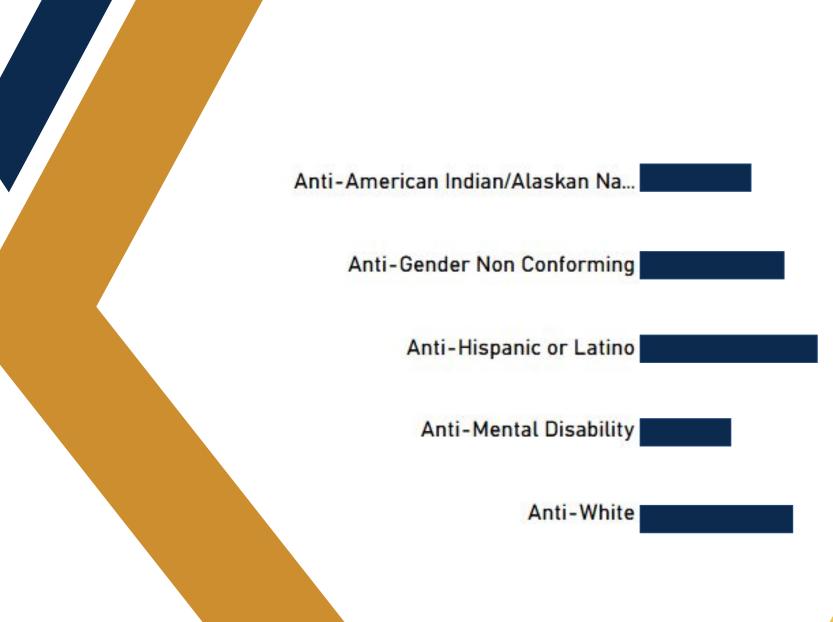


Utah Department of Public Safety Bureau Of Criminal Identification



Hate Crime

https://bci.utah.gov/crime-in-utah-dashboards/





HATE CRIME STATISTICS ACT





Hate Crime Statistics Act

The Hate Crime Collection was created with the passing of the Hate Crime Statistics Act in 1990, and it's for crimes motivated by prejudice based on race, religion, disability, sexual orientation, ethnicity, gender, or gender identity.

Thousands of law enforcement agencies voluntarily submit data to the Uniform Crime Reporting Program's Hate Crime Statistics Data Collection through their monthly NIBRS files.

This effort, which includes data from city, county, college and university, state, tribal, and federal agencies, allows the law enforcement community to recognize and document hate crimes.



HATE CRIME Statistics



These statistics may be used to:

- Help law enforcement address issues for their communities.
- Provide lawmakers with justification for certain legislation.
- Supply the media with credible information.
- Show hate crime victims that they are not alone.
- Help researchers in determining trends in hate crimes.



HATE CRIME Definitions



Definitions:

Hate Crime

The UCR Program defines hate crime as a traditional offense like murder, arson, or vandalism with an added element of bias. For the purposes of collecting statistics, the FBI has defined a hate crime as a criminal offense which is motivated, in whole or in part, by the offender's bias(es) against a:

- race
- religion
- disability
- sexual orientation
- ethnicity
- gender
- gender identity

*For UCR Program purposes, even if the offenders are mistaken in their perception the victim was a member of a certain group, the offense is still a bias crime because the offender was motivated by bias.

Bias Crime

A committed criminal offense that is motivated in whole or in part, by the offender's bias(es) against a race, religion, disability, sexual orientation, ethnicity, gender, or gender identity; also known as *Hate Crime*.



HATE CRIME Motivators



Bias Motivation Indicators:

1. The offender and the victim were of a different race, religion, disability, sexual orientation, ethnicity, gender, and/or gender identity.

Example: Victim African American and offender White.

2. Bias-related oral comments, written statements, or gestures were made by the offender which indicates the offender's bias.

Example: Offender shouted a racial epithet at the victim.

3. Bias-related drawings, markings, symbols, or graffiti at the crime scene.

Example: A swastika was painted on the door of a synagogue, mosque or LGBTQ+ center.



HATE CRIME Motivators



Bias Motivation Indicators:

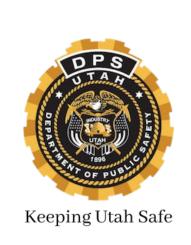
4. Certain objects, items, or things were used indicating bias.

Example: Offenders wore white sheets with hoods covering their faces or a burning cross was left in front of the victim's residence UNCLASSIFIED.

5. The victim was engaged in activities related to his or her race, religion, disability, sexual orientation, ethnicity, gender, or gender identity.

Example: Victim was a member of the NAACP or participated in a LGBTQ+ Pride celebration.

Even if the victim is not a member of a targeted group, but is involved in an advocacy group supporting such group, this could also be a crucial factor in determining whether the crime was bias motivated.



HATE CRIME Bias



Race/Ethnicity/Ancestry

- Anti-American Indian or Alaska Native
- Anti-Arab
- Anti-Asian
- Anti-Black or African American
- Anti-Hispanic or Latino
- Anti-Multiple Races, Group
- Anti-Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander
- Anti-Other Race/Ethnicity/Ancestry
- Anti-White

Religion

- Anti-Buddhist
- Anti-Catholic
- Anti-Church of Jesus Christ
- Anti-Eastern Orthodox (Russian, Greek, Other)
- Anti-Hindu
- Anti-Islamic (Muslim)
- Anti-Jehovah's Witness
- Anti-Jewish
- Anti-Multiple Religions, Group
- Anti-Other Christian
- Anti-Other Religion
- Anti-Protestant
- Anti-Sikh
- Anti-Atheism/Agnosticism/etc.

Sexual Orientation

- Anti-Bisexual
- Anti-Gay (Male)
- Anti-Heterosexual
- Anti-Lesbian
- Anti-Lesbian, Gay, Bisexual, or Transgender (Mixed Group)

Disability

- Anti-Mental Disability
- Anti-Physical Disability

Gender

- Anti-Male
- Anti-Female

Gender Identity

- Anti-Transgender
- Anti-Gender Non-Conforming

None/Unknown

- None (no bias)
- Unknown (offender's motivation not known



Remember!

Incidents not involving any facts indicating bias motivation on the part of the offender are to be reported as 88 = None, whereas incidents involving ambiguous facts (some facts are present but are not conclusive) should be reported as data value 99 = Unknown.

When an offense is initially classified as bias motivation 99 = Unknown and subsequent investigation reveals the crime was motivated by bias or no bias was found, the agency must update its original submission.



HATE CRIME 88 vs 99







Exercise 1: Deputy Sheriff Jackson received a radio call to go to an apartment and interview an individual complaining of threats made over the telephone. Upon arriving at the apartment, the complainant, a white female, informed Deputy Jackson she is a lesbian and over the last two weeks, she has received repeated telephone calls from a person who stated the complainant had been seen going into "gay bars," and therefore, she would have to be "punished."

Crime Classification: Intimidation

Bias Classification: Anti-Lesbian





Exercise 2: On January 1, a woman was walking alone after leaving a party when she was tackled to the ground by a man. He began choking her and yelling "I hate you, You *****!" Nearby, an-undercover officer heard the man yelling and responded. The officer was able to restrain the man, but he continued screaming "I hate all of the ******." The victim indicated she had never seen the man before. Later the man told the officer he had been at a bar and had tried to talk to a woman. She had laughed at him, and he said he was not going to take it anymore.

Crime Classification: Aggravated Assault

Bias Classification: Anti-Female





Exercise 3: During the midnight tour, Deputy Sheriff Hennessey was patrolling her assigned watch area. Shining her cruiser light on various business establishments, she noticed one building had been spray painted. The graffiti included racial epithets used against Asians and threats against the owners of a Chinese restaurant in the building. The deputy knows the Chinese owners are the only Asians in that business district. No other buildings were spray painted.

Crime Classification: Destruction/Damage/Vandalism of Property

Bias Classification: Anti-Asian





Exercise 4: At 8:30 p.m., Officer Gregory responded to a report of an altercation at a bar/restaurant. Upon arriving at the scene, he found paramedics providing medical care to an African-American male. The victim informed Officer Gregory he was accosted by three white male patrons who repeatedly asked if he is gay. He politely told the aggressors he was not. Officer Gregory also spoke to the bartender who indicated he had noticed the odd behavior in the men, as they took turns leaving the restaurant to go outside, then returning while another took their place. According to the victim, one of the men approached him when he left the restaurant and hurled racial and gay epithets at him. Then another one of the three men struck the male forcefully in the head. The blow knocked the victim to the pavement where he hit his head, rendering him unconscious.

Crime Classification: Aggravated Assault

Bias Classification: Anti-Black or African American and Anti-Gay (Male)





Exercise 5: At 11 p.m. Officers Reid and Shandler responded to the scene of a reported arson. The target of the arson was a group home for persons with psychiatric disabilities who were in transition back into the community. Investigation revealed neighbors had expressed many concerns about the group home and were angry the house was located in their community. Shortly before the fire was reported, a witness heard a male voice state, "I'll get rid of those 'crazies.' I'll burn them out."

Crime Classification: Arson

Bias Classification: Anti-Mental Disability





Exercise 6: An adult assailant ran by Mr. Singh, an elderly Sikh pedestrian, shoved him to the ground, forcibly pulled his Dastaar (Sikh turban), and said, "Take that towel off your head—we don't want your kind in this neighborhood!" In the process of the attack, the victim suffered a concussion. When law enforcement responded to the scene, a witness to the attack recognized the offender as a clerk at a local convenience store near a predominately Sikh community.

Crime Classification: Aggravated Assault

Bias Classification: Anti-Sikh Religious Bias





Exercise 7: Someone threw a rock breaking a window in a Syrian-owned convenience store. The store had signs written in Arabic displayed in the window and outside the store. The rock, which had a disparaging message about the owner's Arab ancestry, struck the owner in the head, which caused a gash requiring medical attention.

Crime Classification: Aggravated Assault and Destruction/Damage/Vandalism of Property

Bias Classification: Anti-Arab Race/Ethnicity/Ancestry Bias





Exercise 8: Late in the night, a group of individuals broke into a local LGBT+ Center. The group painted well-known and recognized LGBT+ epithets on the walls and stole the gay pride rainbow flag that was flown above the front door of the center.

Crime Classification: Burglary and Destruction/Damage/Vandalism of Property

Bias Classification: Anti-Lesbian, Gay, Bisexual, or Transgender (Mixed Group) Sexual Orientation Bias

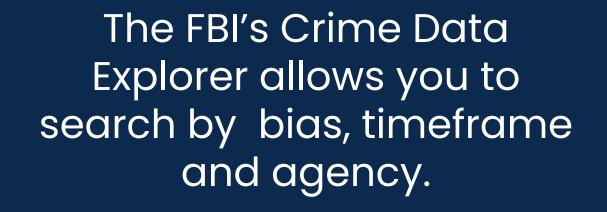


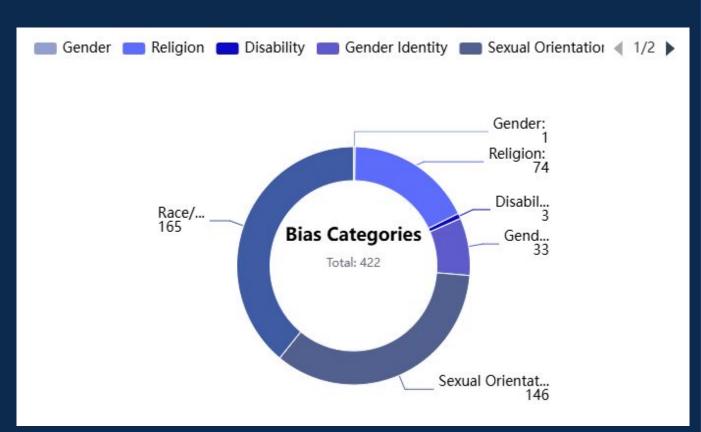
HATE CRIME FBI Available Data





https://cde.ucr.cjis.gov/LATEST/webapp/ #/pages/explorer/crime/hate-crime

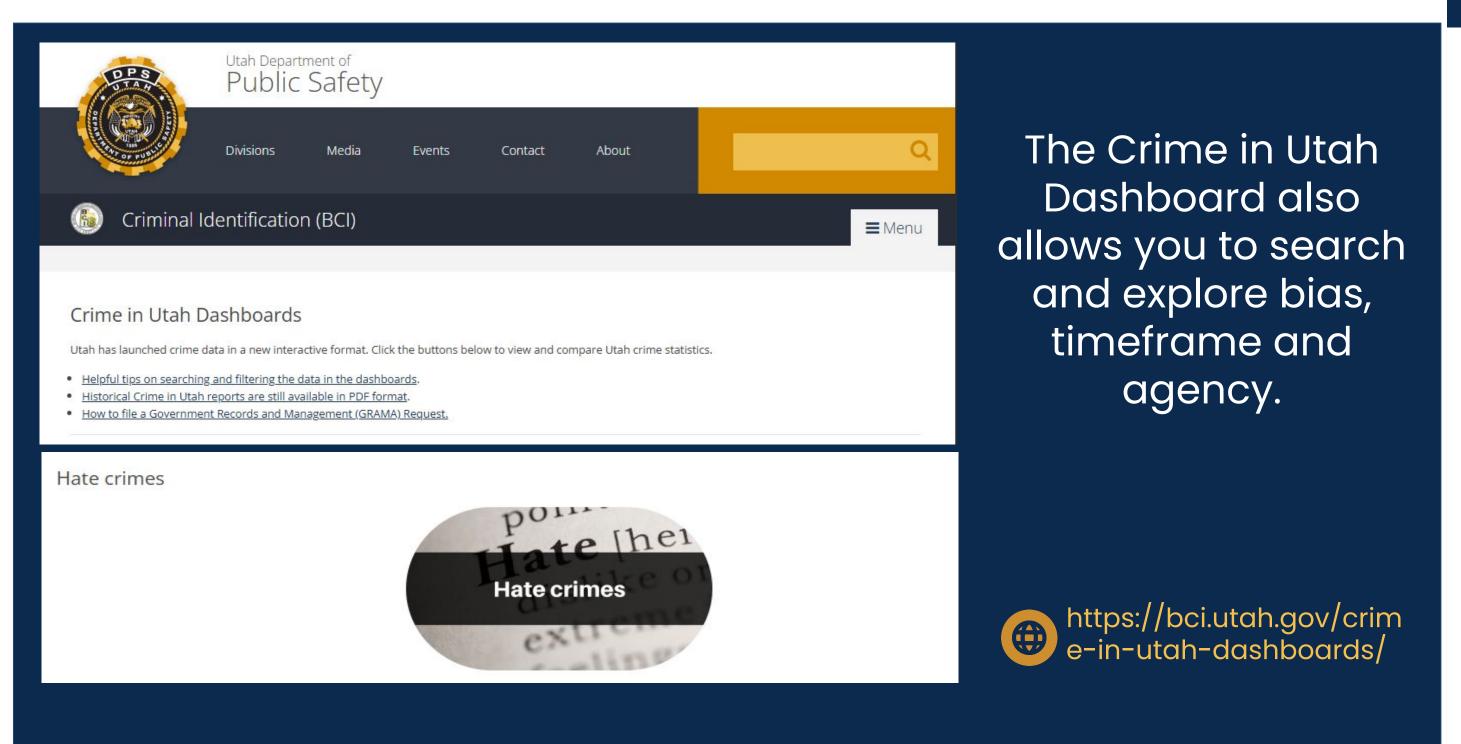






HATE CRIME BCI Available Data



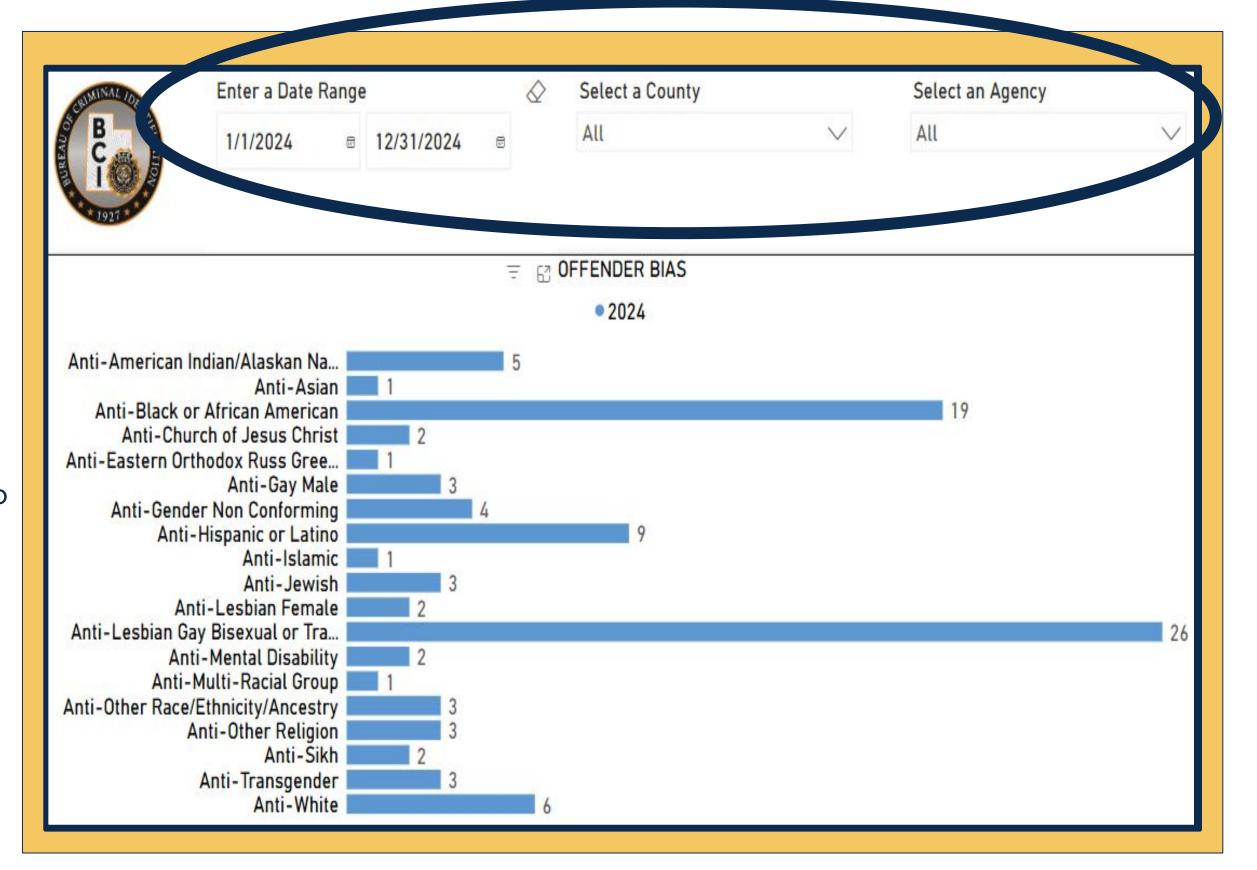




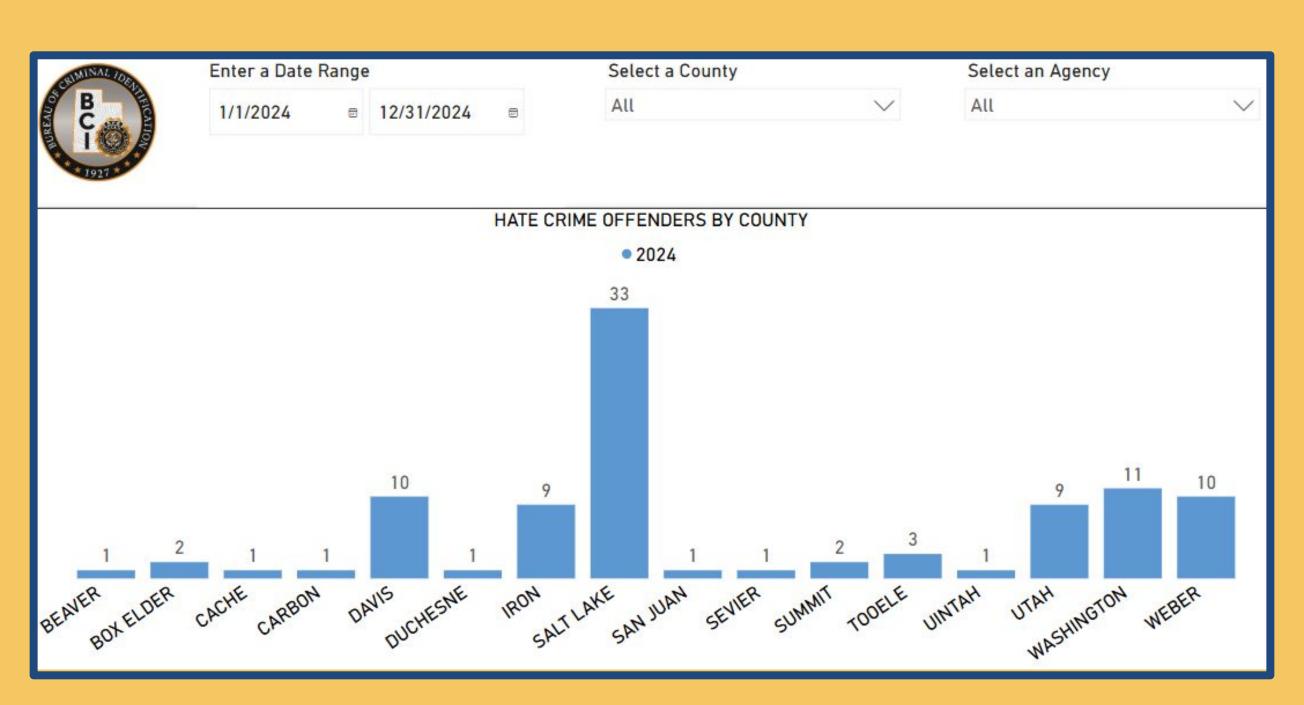
The Dashboard allows you to search and filter by county and agency.

*Remember, this information is also available to the public.



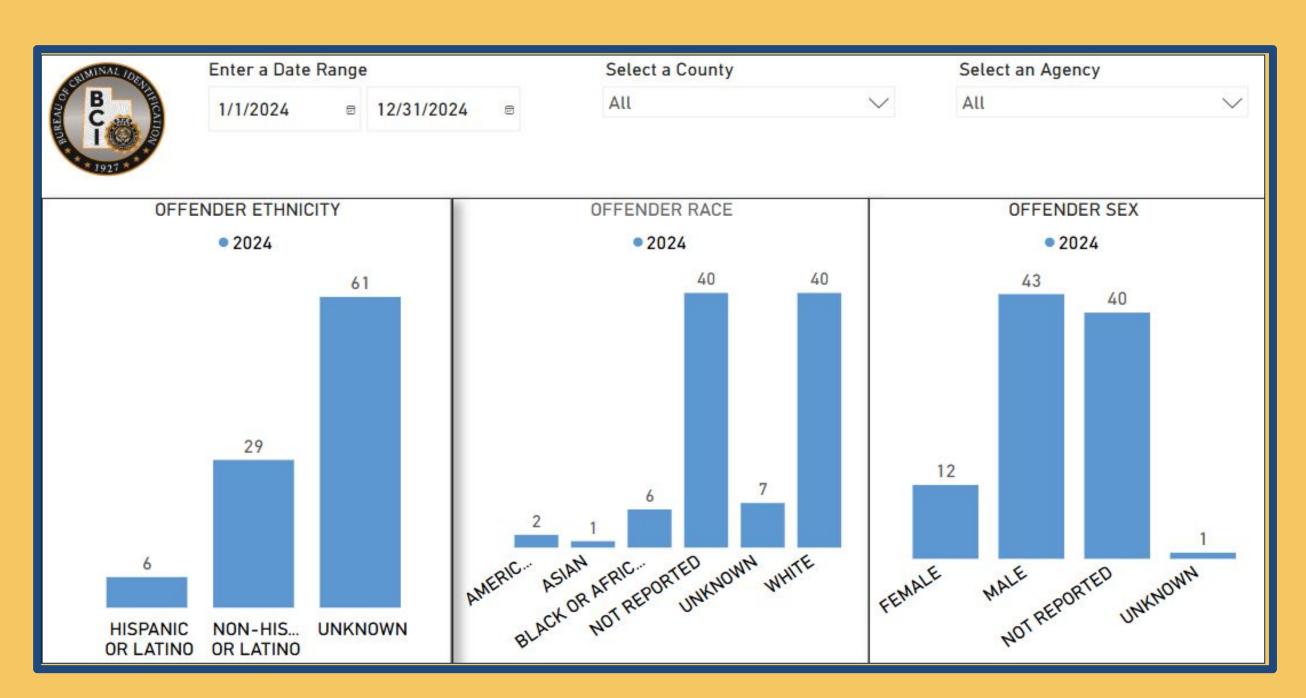






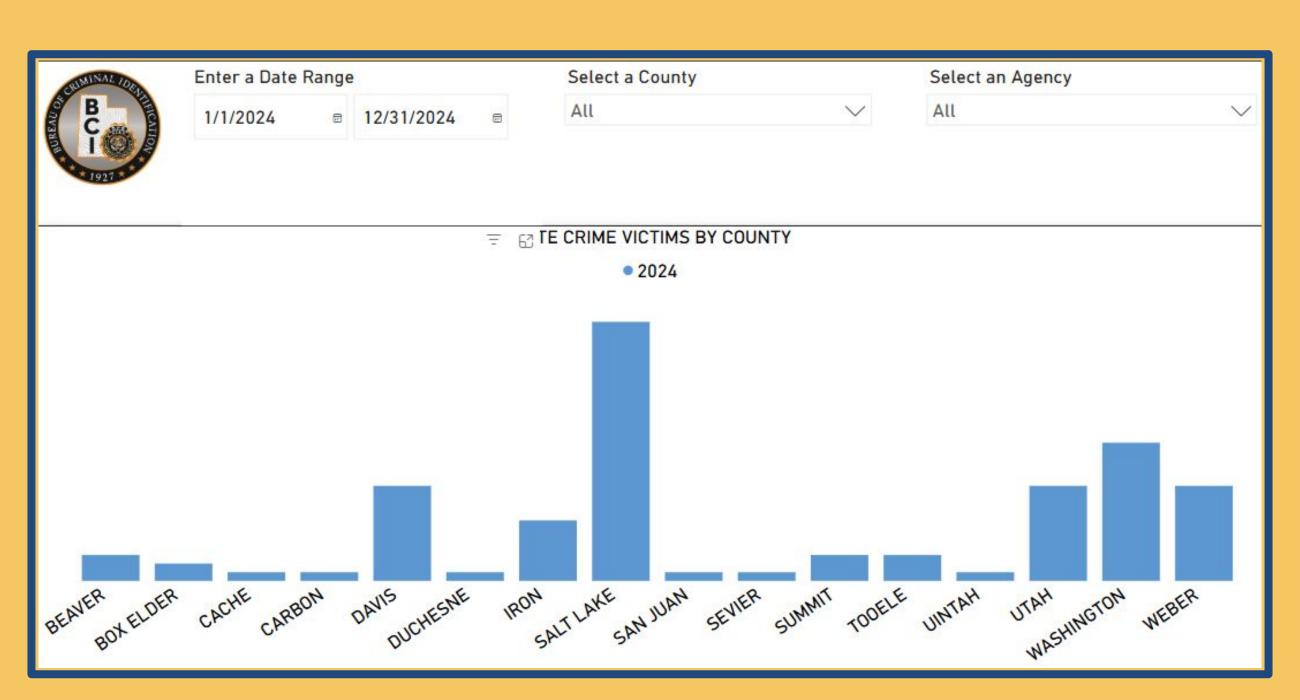
Offender Information





Offender Information





Victim Information





Victim Information



HATE CRIME FBI Validations



FBI Hate Crime Validations are sent out at least once a month. When these go out, please take the time to review the information and if corrections need to be made, submit those as soon as possible. Once you have updated the incident in your RMS system, and validated it again, your correction will come in with your next NBRS file.

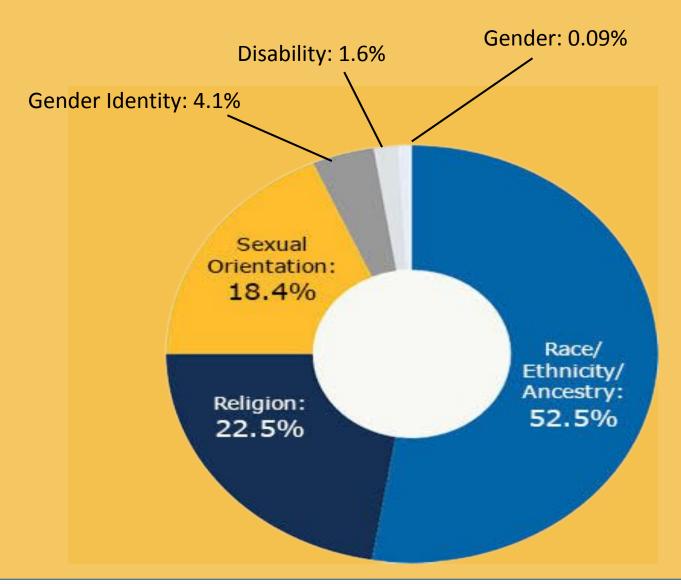
ORI	Agency	Incident Number	Incident Date	# Victims	# Offenders	Off Race	Off Type	Total # of Victims	Location Code	Bias Motivation Code	Victim Type Code
UTBCI0000	BCI	Y25-01234	1/10/2025	1	1	W	290	1	20	72	1
UTBCI0000	BCI	Y25-56789	2/20/2025	1	2	W	290	1	20	72	1
UTBCI0000	BCI	Y25-12345	3/30/2025							99	
UTBCI0000	BCI	Y25-67890	4/5/2025							99	

Notice 99's (Unknown) are also being included now. If your case changes please remember to go back and update them, as most agencies forget to re evaluate and update this Bias Motivation.

Quick Fact:

In the 2023 Hate Crimes Release published by the FBI in September 2024, it showed the following:

- 11,447 single-bias incidents involved 13,857 victims
- There were 415 multiple-bias incidents that involved 559 victims







Information taken from the U.S Dep. of Justice website*

For more information on the bias categories, please refer to the Hate Crime Training Manual, available at:



https://le.fbi.gov/file-repository/hat e-crime-data-collection-guideline s-and-training-manual.pdf/view Criminal Justice Information Services (CJIS) Division Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) Program



Hate Crime
Data Collection Guidelines
And Training Manual

Version 3.0
Document Date: 3/1/2022

Prepared by:

Global Law Enforcement Support Section (GLESS)
Crime and Law Enforcement Statistics Unit (CLESU)



HATE CRIME Manual





UCR Reminders:



- NIBRS files are due by the 16th of each month (Effective 05/05/2021).
 - Per Utah Code 53-10-204.
 - (2) A law enforcement agency shall, for the jurisdiction of the law enforcement agency, submit crime reporting and use of force data requested or required by the statewide uniform crime reporting system described in Section 53-10-202:
 - (a) to the Bureau by the 16th day of the month after the month in which reported crime occurs; and
 - (b) in a manner prescribed by the Bureau and in compliance with the requirements of the Federal Bureau of Investigation's uniform crime reporting standards.
- Remember to go back and update your 99=unknown incidents once the investigation has concluded and a bias or no bias motivation has been confirmed. Remember, only you as the agency can determine, based on the narrative of each particular incident, whether or not it was bias motivated.
- Errors must be fixed in your RMS system.
 - Once the incident is re-validated, the correction should come in with your NIBRS file the following month.



UCR Reminders:



- Each year, the UCR program collects information on the full-time law enforcement personnel employed by participating agencies.
 - Data is collected through UCJIS, access to the transactions will be granted to the UCR rep and will be available as of November 1st.
 - Due date for this collection is November 30th. After this day, the transaction will become inactive, and your agency will not be able to report your PE counts.
 - Please remember to login and submit your counts as soon as the email notification goes out.
- What is collected:
 - Full time law enforcement
 - Sworn personnel that possess full arrest powers, and carry a weapon.
 - Full time civilian employees (dispatchers, clerks, and meter attendants).
- If access should be assigned to someone other than your agency's UCR rep, please contact:
 - Alex Martinez @ mmartinez@utah.gov



UCR Reminders:





Remember!

It's important that you verify the totals in the emailed monthly UCR and FBI validations.

Making sure the numbers match your agency's totals for all your reported offenses will avoid the wrong data being published in our yearly publication, as well as the FBI's, and in the UCR Dashboard.

If you have any questions, or something looks off, please don't hesitate to contact us. We can run and send individual reports that include the incident numbers for your Hate Crimes, LEOKA and Groups A and B.

Total	motivated in whole or in part, by the offender's bi «Hate Crime Total»				
Total	whate_chine_rotal#				
EOKA (Law Enforcement Officers Killed and Assau	ilted)				
Total	«LEOKA_Total»				
IIBRS Data					
Group A Offenses					
Aggravated Assault	«Aggravated Assault»				
All Other Larceny	«All_Other_Larceny»				
Animal Cruelty	«Animal Cruelty»				
Arson	«Arson»				
Assisting or Promoting Prostitution	«Assisting or Promoting Prostit "on»				
Bribery	«Bribery»				
Burglary/Breaking & Entering	«BurglaryBreaking Entering»				
Counterfeiting/Forgery	«CounterfeitingForgery»				
Credit Card/Automatic Teller Machine Fraud	«Credit CardAutomatic Teller Machine Fra»				
Destruction/Damage/Vandalism of Property	«DestructionDamageVandalism of Property»				
Drug Equipment Violations	«Drug Equipment Violations»				
Drug/Narcotic Violations	«DrugNarcotic Violations»				
Embezzlement	«Embezzlement»				
Extortion/Blackmail	«ExtortionBlackmail»				
False Pretenses/Swindle/Confidence Game	«False PretensesSwindleConfidence Game»				
Fondling	«Fondling»				
Hacking/Computer Invasion	«HackingComputer Invasion»				
Human Trafficking, Commercial Sex Acts	«Human_Trafficking_Commercial_Sex_Acts»				
Human Trafficking, Involuntary Servitude	«Human Trafficking Involuntary Servitude»				
Identity Theft	«Identity Theft»				
Impersonation	«Impersonation»				
Incest	«Incest»				
Intimidation	«Intimidation»				
Kidnapping/Abduction	«KidnappingAbduction»				
Motor Vehicle Theft	«Motor Vehicle Theft»				
Murder & Nonnegligent Manslaughter	«Murder Nonnegligent Manslaughter»				
Negligent Manslaughter	«Negligent Manslaughter»				
Operating/Promoting/Assisting	«Negligent_Mansiaugnter» «OperatingPromotingAssisting»				
Pocket-picking	«Pocketpicking»				
Pornography/Obscene Material					
Prostitution	«PornographyObscene_Material» «Prostitution»				
Purchasing Prostitution	«Purchasing Prostitution»				
Purse-snatching Rone	«Pursesnatching»				
Rape Robbery	«Rape» «Robbery»				



Use of Force Reminders:



- Use of Force incident reports (this includes Zero reports) are due and required to be submitted to BCI by the 16th of each month (Effective 05/05/2021).
 - o Per H.B. 84
 - This bill requires and mandates local law enforcement agencies to collect and submit data on the use of force to the Bureau of Criminal Identification.
 - Specifies that the information shall be submitted in accordance with Federal Bureau of Investigation standards.
- When Should Use of Force reported?
 - o Anytime a *fatality* occurs connected to Use of Force by a Law Enforcement officer.
 - When there is a *serious bodily injury* to a person connected to Use of Force by a Law Enforcement officer.
 - When a *firearm is discharged* by Law Enforcement at or in the direction of a person that did not otherwise result in death or serious bodily injury.
- If you are unsure if your agency is in compliance with their Use of Force, or need access to be granted please contact:
 - Alex @ mmartinez@utah.gov





BCI's yearly Crime in Utah publication is now available at:

https://bci.utah.gov/utah-crime-statistics





Contact Information



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Mandy Biesinger 801-281-5098 mbiesinger@utah.gov









Thank You

For Your Attention

https://bci.utah.gov/crime-in-utah-dashboards/



Domestic violence, incidents cleared by arrest, and hate crimes



